











Table 1 Comparison results for different video saliency detection models.

Models	SR [31]	BS [32]	Proposed
AUC-ROC	0.7154	0.6897	0.7425
NSS	0.4240	0.5551	0.4309

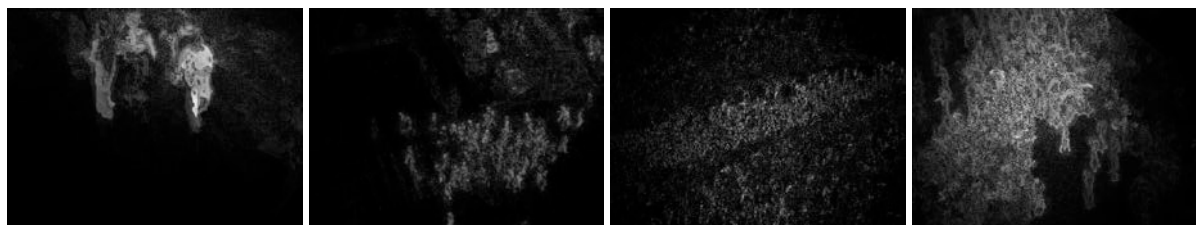


Fig.6. The saliency maps combining with additive fusion.

We also investigate the performance of another fusion strategy (i.e., additive combination) for video saliency detection. Fig.6 shows the saliency maps combining with additive fusion strategy for the same test images in Fig.5. The weight between temporal and spatial saliency is obtained by optimal training. We can see that the additive combination strategy cannot get good performance. Since the distributions of temporal and spatial saliency maps are somewhat different, the additive combination cannot suppress each other.

However, the proposed method has the following limitations: 1) the salient motion regions are not very prominent in some video sequences, because the assumption of background in low-rank matrix decomposition may be not appropriate; 2) the computation complexity of the proposed method is somewhat high, because videos should be resampled first and retransformed. These limitations should be properly considered in the future work.

## 5 Conclusion

In this paper, we presented a novel video saliency detection method by spatio-temporal sampling and sparse matrix decomposition. The main features of the proposed method are that: (1) we sample the input video sequence into three planes: X-T slice plane, Y-T slice plane, and X-Y slice plane; (2) we use sparse matrix decomposition to recover the background and motion features from the slices; (3) motion and static saliency maps are multiplicatively combined with central bias prior. Experimental results show the effectiveness of the proposed method.

Although the proposed scheme exhibit good performance in saliency detection, some aspects still deserve further research and improvement: 1) the connectivity of foreground and background should be further considered; 2) more low-level and high-

level feature cues should be incorporated; 3) computational complexity should be an important indicator of the proposed method.

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