













respectively. There were no strict regulations for the subjects to follow. However, the final datasets were chosen based on the most difficult fingers according to quality index [27].

### 4.3 Database Comparison

Even though there are many other existing fingerprint databases, these databases differ from one another. Among all the databases as explained in the previous sections, CASIA-FingerprintV5 has the largest number of subjects and fingerprint images. However, there were only five samples per finger for each subject. The FVC has conducted four fingerprint verification competitions in four different years. Each year, they collected four new fingerprint databases. In all four databases, they had collected the same amount of fingerprint images using different type of sensors.

In comparison, our database, i.e., FingerDOS, was acquired using an optical sensor as explained in the previous section. Compared to the other databases, our database has more number of fingerprint samples per finger with minimal finger displacement on the sensor plate. Table 2 gives a number of characteristics for the stated databases.

## 4 Conclusion

In this paper, a new fingerprint database has been presented. This fingerprint database is using one of the most common fingerprint sensors, i.e., optical sensor. Some of the reasons in using this kind of sensor are because, it is cheaper and produces a better quality of fingerprint images compared to other sensors. There were 60 subjects involved in the acquisition of fingerprint images.

Although there are many other fingerprint databases available publicly, most of them were collected with finger displacement on the sensor plate. The inconsistency made the fingerprints hard to be recognized and causes the recognition rate becomes lower.

One of the advantages of our fingerprint database is, it has less fingerprint displacement which makes it easier to conduct recognition. Besides, this fingerprint database also has a wide number of fingerprint samples, i.e., 10 samples per finger. Online description and request of the database are available to the public at <http://www.fingerdos.wordpress.com>.

## Acknowledgment

The authors would like to acknowledge Ministry of Higher Education, Malaysia for the provision of research grant (FRGS/03(03)/771/2010(52)) and Faculty of Engineering, Universiti Malaysia Sarawak for the provision of research facilities.

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